The brig Legal Tender sails to-morrow for San Francisco,

and the Harard is loading for the same port, to sail early in the In business circles we note a two days' credit sale of Euroex goods on Tuesday and Wednesday, and a credit sale of nods ex Hazard, to-day, by Mr. E. P. Adams.

of domestic exports for the quarter ending June vill be found interesting and valuable. The | the volume.

A3	22	1:	21	188	:	3
LL THAT TR	9,719	******	899'29	9,529		59,076
IN THE DISTRIC	\$49	:	2	888	:	10
KALAII	583	i	2	597	:	77
taining an ail, galla C. J. LYO?	27,136	8,489	:	27,136	8,469	
ty of Hon- nialna ints, iba	1		· ·	3,536	3,536	
for fe seutWool, ibs	365,616	226,594		374,460	235,638	

Calf Skins, pcs. 125 : 128 | 83 | : 19 Bananas, buchs 250 8 8 8 8 Fungus, lbs. 433, 32 1 8 22 Broan, ibs .. ase, 1875, conths, 1876 onths, 1875 ase, 1875...

PORT OF HONOLULU, H. I.

* ARRIVALS.

3-Schr Nettie Merrill, Crane, from Lahaina, Maui. 3—Schr Active, Pusshiwa, from Kohala, Hawaii. 4—Schr Paushi, Hopu, from Hilo, Hawaii. Schr Pairy Queen, Peni, from Hanalei, Kauai. 7-Am bark Powhattan, Blackstone, 27 days from

-Schr Pucokahi, Clark, from Hana, Mani 9-Schr Jenny, Ullama, fm Kona and Kau, Hawaii. 9-Schr Mile Morris, Lima, from Molokai. 10-Schr Luka, Kaai, for Molosa, Kausi, 0-Schr Manuokawai, Kalawaia, fm Nawiliwili

DEPARTURES.

5—Schr Mile Morris, Lima, for Kaunakakai, Molokai 5—Schr Kinau, Ahuihala, for Maliko. 5—Stmr Kilauca, Marchant, for Maul and Hawaii. -Schr Active, Punahiwa, for Kohala, Hawaii. S-Schr Mary Ellen, Mana, for Kohala, Hawaii 6-Schr Nettle Merrill, Crane, for Lahaina, Mani 6-Schr Pauahi. Hopu, for Hilo, Hawaii. d-Schr Kamalle, Bolles, for Koloa and Waimes. - Schr Fairy Queen, Peni, for Hanalel, Kausi. -Schr Aonie, Kalaugo, for Molona. 8 - Am bh. D C Murray, Fuller, for San Francisco. 7 - Schr Ka Moi, Reynolds, for Kahulul, Maui. 8 - Schr Hattie, Kime, for Nawiliwili, Kauai.

Projected Departures. FOR WINDWARD PORTS-Stmr Kilauez, sails on Monday

VESSELS IN PORT.

U 8 flag-ship Pensacola, Rear Admiral J J Almy U 8 8 Tuscarera, Erben, Commander. Am schr C M Ward, Rickman, repairing. Haw bk Mattie Macleay, Walter, repairing. Am ship Emerald, Bairs son, to be surveyed. Am schr Legal Tender, Winding, loading.

Am brig Hazard, Lewis, loading. Am bk Powhattan, Blackstone, discharging

FROM PORT GAMBLE—Per Fowhattan, July 7th: -35,622 ft dressed lumber, 269,825 ft rough do, 15 M laths to H Hackfeld & Co.

EXPORTS.							
FOR SAN FRANCISCO—Per Macgregor, July 2d:— Bananas, buchs 400 Hides, pcs. Betei Lcaves, bxs. 10 Paddy, bags. Curios, bxs. 4 Pulu, bales. Coffee, bags. 56 Peanuts, bags. Fruits, pkgs. 16 Pine Apples, bxs. Goat Skins, budis. 90 Sugar, pkgs. \$51,	198.04						
For San Prancisco—Per D C Murray, July 6th Bananss, buchs. 100 Rice, bags. Groceries, pkgs. 3 Sperm Oll, pkgs. Pulu, bales 293 Sugar, pkgs Plants, cse 1 Whate Bone, budts. Value—Domestic. \$30,755.66; Foreign \$4:	56						

FROM KAUAI—Per Kilanea, July 2—Hon S G Wilder, Capt James Makee, T Shillaber and wlie, Miss K Cooke, Miss G F Bunce, Rev Mr Calder, C F Wolfe. Miss A Campbell, Miss S Campbell, Mrs J F Allen and 2 children, J H Connolly, Rev M Ruses, Miss R Kuaea, Capt J Ross, John Fraser, Mrs J A Cummins and 3 children, Mrs A Kaluahine, J W Gay, Miss L Pilipo, J Moller, S W Wilcox, C Bertleman, Mrs S Luce, Mrs J N Wright, Dr Butchinson, wife and 5 children, P Richmond, Mrs E Wright, and 103 deck. FOR WINDWARD PORTS—Per Kilauea, July 5—J S Peebles and wife, H Brook, Mrs Hillebrand and 2 children, Miss II Castle, Miss C Castle, Miss M Hitchcock, H R Hitchcock, Mr

Barker, H & Widemann, Capt J Makee, Miss K Makee, Miss A Makee, Miss Dunn, Miss M Chamberlain, Miss West, Miss Knowlin, Miss King, J R Smith, Mrs Baldwin, Rev Mr Calder. FOR SAN FRANCISCO — Per D C Murray, July 6-Miss Haven, E Hempstend, and wife, J Freeman and wife, Mrs Andrade and child, Mr Rutherford and wife, Ahpan, Ah Yong, FOR KAHULUI-Per Ka Moi, July 7-3 L King and family, Mrs and Miss Thurston, Mr and Mrs E C Hobron, E Everett and family, Miss Emma Whitney, Miss Carter.

Davison-At Palama, near Honolulu, July 3d, sudde R. Davison, aged 40 years, a native of New Bedford, Mass Mr. Davison had resided here for the past 15 years, and at the sime of his death was Superintendent of the Insane Asylum.

He leaves a wife and four children to mourn his loss. SELFE -- In this gity, July 10th, Mr. Rosest Selfe, aged 45, a native of Dorsetshire, England. A resident of these Islands during 15 years past, and coachman to 4 successive Kings

MARRIED.

GONBALEZ - SYLVA -- In this city, June 30th, by Rev. Father Modeste, Julianno Gonsalez to Miss Anna Mary Sylva, both of Manoa Valley.

From New Bedford, the headquarters of the American whaling trade, for several years past there has been a constant and unbroken series of depressing reports of the whale fishing. Now, however, a gleam of sunshine darts across the cloud. The people of New Bedford feel better than they have done for a decade. Some of them took their money out of whale fishery and put it into railways and other investments, and lost so much of it that they think that, by comparison, whaling is not so bac after all. Then the prices of whale oil and bone have gone up, and the long lane has come to a turning at last. New Bedford is now all life and bustle, and there is actually a revival in the whaling business. They have added since January to the whaling fleet five new vessels heretofore employed in other trades; and ships that have been lying idle for years are being fitted out for whaling voyagen Every whaler that arrives is at once prepared for sea again, and there are now eighteen respect for sea again, and there are now end of the vessels in port refitting; the New Bedford fleet, aggregating one hundred and eleven, and all the others being at sea.

The new Roman Catholic College in London was opened formally, April 9, by Cardinal Manning. It has begun work with 25 students.

THE PACIFIC

Commercial Adbertiser

SATURDAY, JULY 10.

THE NEW VOLUME. Our patrons are respectfully reminded that the present is Number Two of a new volume of the ADVERTISER, and that by paying their subscripthous in advance they will save a dollar on the To priot below as made up by the Collector Gen- price, besides the advantage of beginning with

> IN THE course of our recent reading on the important subject of irrigation, we came upon a reference to an article in Transactions of Engineers, for 1873, by George Gordon, C. E., on " the value of water, and its storage and distribution in Southern India." We beg to suggest that our government would do well to send for the work mentioned, which appears to be an English publication; for the reason that any reliable information on the subject treated cannot fail which underlie the increased illegal manufacture to be of especial value to us.

> ment, honestly and economically administered in contempt for the prohibitory laws, which feeling all its departments, and kept within its legiti- has its inspiration in the example of foreigners mate sphere and purpose, every citizen owes, for and some in authority, and was strengthened and the benefits conferred on him, his just proportion, confirmed by the tone of debate at the last session according to his means, of the cost of its mainte- of the Legislature. Quos Deus vult perdere, prius nance, which if he with holds, he does a wrong to | dementat. all other members of the government, inasmuch as he withholds that which is justly due from him; and if by trick or fraud he avoids its payment, he commits a crime."

> saying that the government is making every pos- Islands. Now if a recent California paper tells a

quite fully and strongly discussed just now. A | most of the advertised and approved remedies to feature of their assessment-which would pro- mitigate the pain of this affliction, without avail. neighbor helps to sustain the government. By a says concerning his experience of a few weeks: recent San Francisco paper we see that the assessor examines the books of merchants, bankers, and insurance companies, in order to obtain a knowledge of property liable to taxation, and by this course the amount of assessment has been raised so much over that of former years, that it is great relief and apparently almost a permanent cure thought the rate of taxation can be lowered fully in a few days. This intelligence was communicated fifty cents on the hundred dollars-the full amount | to Mr. Quinlan, who immediately tried the experi-

There is a complaint there-to our mind not unreasonable-that no deduction is allowed for encambrances upon real estate, so that mortgages are doubly taxed. The assessor enters the merchant's or banker's establishment with a transcript of all mortgages of record, and is able to detect and correct errors in the returns made. In this kingdom mortgages on property, if held in the country, can be deducted; all that the assessor requires is the name of the mortgagee and the

If the blanks now being placed in the hands of tax-payers require a more detailed account of preperty than has heretofore been demanded, no blame can attach to the government, and certainly no person who desires to bear his proportion of the expense of carrying on a government, -more particularly where the rate per cent. is so small-can or will complain. It is only the individual who wants all the advantages of a stable government without cost to himself who will attempt to evade his duty; and to such no doubt the blanks will appear impertinently inquisitive. Every good citizen should and will make an honest return of all taxable property in his posses-

course, much dissatisfaction will be the result. Hon. W. C. Parke, A. J. Cartwright, Esq. But if by a careful and thorough assessment of REPORT OF F. A. Schaefer, Esq., Secretary of the property the necessity of increasing the rate can be avoided, no one will blame the government for the effort; but to the contrary, it will be a matter upon which tax-payers may properly congratulate both themselves and the government.

THE UNFORTUNATE fact that crime is on the increase among the Hawaiians cannot be ignored, and it is useless to conceal it. The worst feature about this fact is that not the minor crimes, but the highest known to the law-murder-is becoming fearfully prevalent in proportion to our population. Scarcely a term occurs of the Supreme Court or of the Circuit on the windward islands, without a murder trial figuring in the calendar. During the two years ending December 31st, 1871, there was not a single trial for murder throughout the kingdom, and only three cases of manslaughter; while in the corresponding period ending December, 1873, there were no less than fifteen commitments for murder. How shall we account for this sudden outburst of crime?

Let us examine a little into the particulars of some of the later instances. Two murder trials have been had in the Supreme Court this week, and in both cases the parties came from Hawaii. It was a sad sight last Tuesday to see that intelligent looking young man from Kona, on trial for The report of the Treasurer on the 1st July, shows the deliberate murder of his own brother. The an estimated balance of \$3363.13 in favor of the crime was proved to have been committed on the Hospital, which proves that the liberal appropriation most trivial provocation, displaying an apparent of the Legislative Assembly is being expended with Long-In this city, July 8th, Captain Thomas Long, aged 61 years, a native of Canada, for many years a successful master in the whale fishery from the port of New London, Conn. larly at variance with our generally accepted savageness of temper and bloodthirstiness, singueconomy and carefulness. estimate of the native Hawaiian character. A in popularity with the native as well as the foreign dispute about work, a few angry words, and the population, and while my last biennial report spoke knife-evidently held open and prepared-is plunged twice into the victim's side, and death almost immediately ensues. The ingenuity of able counsel could invent nothing worthy of the name of a defense,—for the plea of drunkenness, too often urged as an excuse for deeds of vio- vines, shrubs and flowers; the neatness and order of lence-was not available, and the verdict of guilty was unanimous. We say the plea of well appointed hospital and of as much importance drunkenness was not available, because it was in many respects as medical treatment itself. But I not made to appear on the trial; but we are beg to call the personal attention of the members of assured from reliable sources that the use of this society to the interior of the Hospital building intoxicants was undoubtedly at the bottom of the quarrel and the resulting murder. The other case was also from Hawaii, and it was in evidence this time that drink was the inciting cause. At the conclusion of a debauch on fermented sweet potatoes, a woman was beaten by her paramour so that she died in a short time. The theory that drunkenness is in some sort to be regarded as a mitigating circumstance when crime has been committed, is one that juries are too often prone to adopt; but in this case the Court

an indictment for murour, that the prisoner was James Scott, U. S. Consul, to receive sick and destiintoxicated at the time of the commission of the tute American seamen as inmates of the Queen's offense. The law holds a person responsible for Hospital, which arrangement proves mutually satisa criminal act, though, at the time, he was intoxicated to such an extent as to be unconscious of what he was doing." And further, that "Intoxication is a voluntary deprivation of reason,

and cannot be given in evidence, even on a trial for murder, to excuse the offender." The jury brought in a verdict of guilty of manslaughter in the first degree, and the Court at once pronounced sentence of imprisonment at hard labor for a

term of ten years. From what has repeatedly appeared in the public journals, and from the records of the Courts for several years past, it is quite clear to our apprehension that to the prevalence of the use of intoxicating substances among the people must be mainly attributed the rapid increase of crime to which we have alluded. Laws are inoperative, and the police-in the country districts-do not find it expedient that they shall be enforced. And to inquire farther for the causes of the various substances that eause intexication -for almost everything of that sort is homemade A STATESMAN once remarked : " To the Govern- - they will be found in a widespread feeling of

WORTH TRYING A great many virtues have been ascribed to the Eucalyptus, or Australian gum-tree. It We make this quotation because we believe it has been claimed,-and apparently on good to be pertinent and seasonable at this time, when authority-that it absorbs the poisonous matter the list of assessors of taxes for the year have of the atmosphere in malarious districts, and been published by authority. Having had the prevents fever and ague and typhoid fevers. The perusal of the printed instructions to the asses- wood of the tree is used profitably in various sors, and of the blanks which tax-payers are kinds of useful and ornamental manufactures. requested to fill and return, we feel warranted in It is a rapid grower in many localities on these sible effort to obtain a just and thorough assess- true story-and in the absence of rebutting evidence we shall not pretend to discredit it-the The matter of direct taxation is one that has | Eucalyptus has a still higher claim upon public occupied the minds of statesmen of all nationali- attention. It cures rheumatism-a disease which ties; but perhaps more particularly for a few has heretofore baffled medical science. The Petyears past those of the United States. We see aluma Argus tells how this discovery was made. by late California papers that the subject is there A gentleman, whose name is given, had tried bably disturb some of our tax-payers-is the He visited the West India Islands and many publication of the returns of personal property, other regions for relief, but without obtaining it. in order that every person may know how far his He arrived at Petaluma, and this what the Argus

"One of our hotel-keepers, with whom Mr. Quinlan was acquainted, noticed among his guests a man who had his arms and legs bound up with leaves. Upon questioning the party he learned that he was afflicted with rheumatism, and that he had bound the diseased parts with the leaves of the ment, with the most gratifying results. He procured a quantity of rank green Eucalyptus leaves, and heating each one slightly, bound them upon the parts in which he felt the most pain. The effect was parvelous; the pain ceased in a short time, and in a little while the long-suffering patient felt like a new man. He continued to apply the leaves and to wear them while walking about the streets, and now at the end of two weeks, he feels entirely well. He has gained six pounds in weight during the last week,

him the power of applying this remedy should he be This remedy has one merit which will commend it to many-it is inexpensive. Persons afflicted with rheumatism will do well to give it a trial. If it will do for others what it is said to have done in the case above described, thousands of sufferers will be made to rejoice and be thankful.

and says no amount of money would purchase from

The Queen's Hospital Corporation.

As per notice in our last, the biennial meeting of the above was held at the Government House on Saturday last, under the presidency of the Hon. E. H. Allen, when the reports of the Treasurer and Secretary were read. These documents, which give very encouraging and satisfactory accounts of the management and condition of this noble public charity, we append in full. Five trustees were elected in place of those going out by rotation, as sion and thus bear his proportion of the expense follows: Hons. S. N. Castle, J. I. Dowsett, W. C. Parke, J. H. Paty, Esq., and His Ex. W. L. Green. The reports made from the Department of At the meeting of the Board of Trustees, after the Finance to the Legislative Assembly for some | Society had adjourned, the following officers were years past, prove that some effort must be made, elected for the ensuing year: J. H. Paty, Esq., sooner or later, to increase the revenues of the Treasurer; F. A. Schaefer, Esq., Secretary; His Ex-Kingdom. If the present rate of taxation is too W. L. Green, Auditor. Executive Committee : Honsmall, it must be increased, and, as a matter of S. N. Castle, J. H. Paty, Esq., F. A. Schaefer, Esq.,

Honotulu, July 8, 1875. To the Corporators of and Subscribers to the Queen's Hospital Corporation.

GENTLEMEN .- A biennial period having again elapsed since your last meeting, I have the honor to submit to you my report. The business of the Queen's Hospital has been

conducted during the last two years, strictly in accordance with the provisions of the Charter, and I hope to show in the following that the institution has not been wanting in increased efficiency and use-

During the above period, eight regular and three special meetings of the Board of Trustees have been held for the transaction of business.

The following statement, carefully prepared by the purveyor, Mr. Toel, will be of material interest, viz : 1813 persons have received medical treatment, of which 862 were inmates of the Hospital and 951 dispensary patients, while in the preceding two years 693 were reported inmates and 924 dispensary patients, showing an increase of 200 in number. Of these 862 indoor patients, 57 have died, being 63 per ct. The number of prescriptions made up was 42,172. Receipts from foreign patients amounted to \$4276.37, while the running expenditures of the

Queen's Hospital were \$19,065 69.

The Queen's Hospital has been constantly growing say that this state of things is well maintained.

Much care and attention has been devoted to the Hospital grounds, for which Dr. R. McKibbin, jr., deserves well merited thanks at the the hands of the public. The variety of shade trees, of rare plants, the entire surroundings, are essential requisites to a and all the buildings thereto belonging. They deserve to be inspected and will assure everyone, that for cleanliness, ventilation, purity of air, order and system, our Hospital may well compare with any other institution of a similar character. I deem it a pleasant duty therefore to commend to you the efficient and arduous services rendered to the Hospital by Dr. R. McKibbin, jr., and Mr. Toel, in their respective positions of Physician and Purveyor.

The Hospital building will soon require a roof of corrugated iron, as the patent felt roof which has never given entire satisfaction, is becoming very de-(Mr. Justice Harris) very distinctly charged the fective. This will be the only extraordinary expencontrary. The principle as laid down in the diture required. books was recognized, that, " It is no defense to | Lately arrangements have been made with Hon.

factory and accomplishes an object which has repeatedly been in contemplation and under discussion

since the establishment of this institution In conclusion I beg to express the hope that the Queen's Hospital may still continue to have a large share in improving the sunitary condition of this people, and thus fulfill the noble mission which the illustrious founders of this institution had in view.

Respectfully submitted, F. A. SCHAEFER, Secretary. EIGHTH BIENNIAL REPORT OF THE TREASURED OF THE

QUEEN'S HOSPITAL TO THE CORPORATION AND

June 20th, 1873.—
Am't of Debt as per last Blenniat Report, \$2,964-59
June 20th, 1875.— Salary of Physician 24 months ... 3,000 to Wages of Furveyor, Servants, &c. 5,049 98 Provisions, Medicines, Furniture, Bedding, Fuel, Lights, Washing,

Am't from Benevolent Societies, Consuls and others for Pay Patients \$5,383 50 From Contributors for Life Mem-150 00 berships...... From other Contributors...... From Passenger and Hawaiian Scamen's Taxes. From Appropriation by the Legisative Assembly "for aid in sup From Sale of Certificates Life
Membership From Sale of Girths. From Sale of Oil Barrels . .

Total Payments during the 16 years 166,127 20 Am't Balance Cash on band 2,626 79 Total Receipts during the 16 years.

ration on the 1st of July, 1875, will be Almt of Appropriation to be drawn....\$ 875 00 Am't due from Pay Patients Balance Cash on hand 2,626 79 Liabilities. Bill for Medicines due in London Current Expenses for June 1,050 00

As required by the first Article of the Queen's Hospital, the Treasurer makes the foregoing Report, showing the sources and amount of receipts, and the character and amount of the expenditures, during the two years ending on this date; and also the total receipts and disbursements from the establish

Respectfully submitted by CHAS. R. BISHOP. Henolulu, June 20, 1875.

Annexation of New Guinea.

Lord Carnarvon having in the British Paliament expressed his anxious desire to learn the opinion of Australia respecting the annexation of New Guinea, the Sydney morning Herald devotes a column to the

subject, concluding as follows: The two chief reasons for annexing New Guinea -if annexed it is to be-appear to be the commercial and military ones. It will greatly contribute to the profitable working of the Torres Straits mail to have an intermediate port carrying on a large trade with the mainland; and if so valuable an island as this were occupied by an English settlement, such a trade must necessarily arise. The military argument is based on the fact that the island is midway between the Indian and Australian territories of Great Britain, and in time of war its great natural advantages could be turned to good account by a Foreign Power, as a base of operations, especially againt Australia. If Sydney and Melbourne are valuable stations for giving England the command of the southern sea, then New Caledonia, Java, and New Guinea, in hosile hands, might become equally dangerous rivals.

But war's a game which, were their subjects wise, Kings would not play at. Such wisdom, however, is yet far from being universal, and the political horizon of Europe is stormy enough to justify precaution. From no European Power has Australia anything to fear on her own account; but she is part and parcel of the British Empire; and if this should be found the most vulnerable part, it is here that the enemy's blows would be struck. It is for the sake of the empire, therefore, and not for the sake of Australia, that precautionary measures are required. No one who considers the resources of New Guinea and its central situation, right on the route of our Indian, Chinese, and Australian trade, can doubt for a moment that, in the event of war between Great Britain and any first-rate Power, it will be far better for us to have that island than to leave it in the hands of our foe But if the danger is an Imperial one, the protection ought to be Imperial, too. We have quite enough on our hands in governing the continent already in our possession. We have neither men nor money to spare for the purpose of founding another colony; and under no circumstances would our people consent to taxation over the expenditure of which they can have no control. Possibly, at no distant day, an Imperial Parliament may assemble that shall fairly represent every part of the British dominions, and then a general taxation for Imperial purposes will be possible. Till then our own legitimate enterprises are quite as much as we can understand; and our answer to Lord Carnarvon must be that we think it a capital thing to annex, not only the available portion of New Guinea, but also all Polynesia, on the essential conditions that the respective inhabitants are willing, and that the cost of it fall upon the Imperial exchequer. Whether the vigorous foreign policy of the Conservative Government be equal to a task like that, we must wait to see. So far, no one has proposed to relieve the Imperial exchequer of the expense of colonizing New Guinea-if colonized it is to be; and we cannot help the conviction that, without some such proposition, the opinion of Australia will

not count for much in determining the policy of the United Kingdom. Irrigation Schemes.

The drought of the present season in California,though recently interrupted by a succession of showers that came too late and which are looked upon as a misfortune,-has convinced the farmers that some system of irrigation is absolutely necessary to secure a full measure of prosperity. They say that about the same labor and expense in the way of cultivation are required to produce the fifteen or twenty bushels per scre which may be harvested in the great valleys this year that would, with a plenty of water, ensure from thirty to forty bushels. The difference, therefore, is nearly a net loss to graingrowers. Under these circumstances the great question of the day is, how to irrigate. The water from the mountain streams must be distributed over the plains, but the details of a comprehensive plan of irrigation are as yet to be determined upon.

The question, remarks the S. F. Call, is one for practical men to consider. Land-owners and graingrowers are better qualified to discuss it than lawyers, physicians or editors. There are many details to be taken into consideration which would escape the observation of any but a practical mind. The facts stand out plainly and clearly in the comprehension of all: First, there are almost limitless fields of the best wheat land in the world which fail to produce full crops at least one year in three; second, there is an abundance of water accessible to these fields to place them in the highest condition of production. The question for land-owners and grain-growers to consider is that of bringing this land and water together. It can be done at a cost per acre trifling when compared to the additional value which the land would gain thereby.

The representative land-owners of the counties of Coutra Costa, San Joaquin, Stanislaus and Merced recently held a meeting at Grayson, at which the irrigation problem was discussed in all its bearings. The Stanislaus News says about five hundred land-owners were present, many of whom were authorized to speak for the whole community from which they hailed. The News also notes the conspicuous absence of largo land-holders and land-speculators. The meeting was composed of practical grain-growers, most of whom own the ground they till. It is from such men that an equitable solution of the question might be expected, representing as they do the combined and sometimes conflicting interests of land-owners and WHITE SUCAR (WASHED) cultivators. At this meeting a committee appointed at a previous meeting reported a rough draft of a bill to be submitted to the next Legislature, the provisions of which are substantially as follows: "That the Legislature create the territory above named into an irrigation district; conferring

thereon municipal power to levy special taxes, and issue bonds which bonds shall be a lien on he land similar to county bonds. The taxes shall be sufficient to pay the interest on the bonds for the first ten years, after which they shall be increased sufficiently to pay the whole indebtedness by the end of ten years more.

The municipality, under the new name of West Side Irrigation District, is to be divided into five divisions, each of which elects a Commissioner, who form a Board of Commissioners, and who manage the entire affairs of the district. The sum necessary, under the provisions of the bill, for any one year having been ascertained by the Commis signers, is filed by the Board of Supervisors of the different counties, together with a list of the land subject to taxation, and is levied and collected in the same manner and by the county officers at the same time as other State and county taxes, and is paid over with the State tax to the State Treasurer, who also handles the bonds of the district and pays the coupons when due out of the fund as above. The right to water is free to land-owners, other than the construction expenses, and is made inseparable from and to pass with the title of the

Before final adjournment the essential features of the bill were endorsed and the Commissioners chosen to represent five counties, embracing the teritory on the west side of the San Joaquin, from the Tulare lake to Autioch. A general election was ordered to be held on Jone 19th, at the various election precients in the counties composing the fr-

Albert Edward as a Mason

The London correspondent of the Boston Post writes as follows:

The Prince of Wales has just been inducted, with great state ceremony and festivity, into the highest Massanic dignity in the world. The Masons are proud of having royalty as the chief adornment of their order, and the moment that the Prince of Wales was initiated it became certain that one day or other he would become grand master. Happily the Prince has qualities peculiarly fitted to shine in such a place. He is genial, social, free and easy, tond of speaking, and able, when he chooses, to speak well and forcibly He is especially happy in social addresses, and has just the sort of breeding which shows well in a ceremonial office like that of grand master. The English Masons have always included among their members many men of the highest rank; and have invariably been presided over by a grand master eminent in hereditary dignity. It has been no uncommon thing for a scion of the royal house to occupy the highest seat in the order. The jolly and good-hearted Duke of York was for many years grand master of England, and the traditions of zeal for the order, and his fine manner of presiding, are still current among the craft. He was succeeded by another royal personage, the Duke of Sussex, who rivalled the fame of his elder brother in the enthusiasm and delight with which he fulfilled the imposing duties of the office. The Queen's father, the Duke of Kent, was also a Mason, and if I mistake not, was elected grand master of the Canada Masons. Prince Albert was a Mason, and had he outlived the venerable Earl of Zetland, would undoubtedly have become grand master. have seen many gentlemen who have been in the lodge with Prince Albert, and all have spoken of the freedom with which he unbent when he made his appearance there. On the death of the Duke of Sussex, some thirty years ago, the Earl of Zetland became grand master; and he continued to be so until 1870, when, in consequence of extreme age and disability, he retired. Lord Zetland was beloved and honored throughout the craft. was the model of a generous and hospitable English nobleman; and he gave the greater part of his Many a time and oft he received lodges and com panies of Masons at his lordly castle in Yorkshire, where they were entertained with a more than lordly munificence. It was under Lord Zetland's grand mastership that the famous Masonic college for the sons and daughters of "poor and distressed Masons," near London, was founded, organized and started on its useful and prosperous career; and in this scheme, which has so admirably succeeded no one was more prominent or more efficient in belp than the venerable grand master. On Lord Zetland's retirement, Earl de Gray and Ripon. who had been for some years grand master of Yorkshire succeeded to bis place; but when he was converted to the Roman Catholic faith he saw the improprie

ty of remaining at the head of an order often denonneed from the Vatican, and suddenly resigned It was then that the Prince of Wales, who had been initiated into Masonary by King Charles of Sweden, on the occasion of his visit to that country, was chosen to the throne in the East. Meanwhile, the Earl of Carnarvon has been fulfilling the duties of the office. It is probable that the prince will continue to be grand master until he succeeds to the An amusing episode is said to have occurred at one of the Moody and Sankey meetings in London.

your brains." and with hearty good wishes they NOTICE.-The Pacific Base Ball Clas meet for practice on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Baturdays at 4 o'clock, P. M., on the grounds at the rear of the Custom House

where the ex-Premier was present. Upon heartily grasping Mr. Moody's hand, Mr. Gladstone said:

"I wish I had your body." Mr. Moody made reply, "I wish I had your head." Mr. Gladstone

WHEREAS. I the undersigned did, on the 7th day of June, 1875, appoint His Royal Highness the PRINCE W. P. LELEIOHOKU to be my Agent for the care and management of all my property, both real and personal within this Kingdom, notice thereof is hereby given to all whom it may concern.

R. KEELIKOLANI. Honolulu, July 10th, 1875.

DR. F. B. HUTCHINSON. PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office at Mr. Strehz's Drug Store, corner of Fort and
Hotel Streets.

[998 3m*]
Office hours—9 to 11 A. M.

P. J. BROWN, A GENERAL BLACKSMITH,

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO Horse-Shoeing & Carriage Work

COTTAGE AND PREMISES AT present occupied by Col. H. Prendergast, 11 and 15 Kukui Place. DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP HERETO-fore existing between W. B. WRIGHT and P. J. BROWN, under the firm name and style of WRIGHT & CO., was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Mr. P. J. Brown is authorized to settle all accounts of the Honolulu, July 5th, 1875. BUSINESS NOTICE.

P. J. BROWN HAVING PURCHASED the entire interest in the Blacksmithing Business of the late firm of Wright & Co., is prepared to continue to serve his patrons in all branches of the business, at the old stand on Special attention paid to HORSE-SHOEING and CAR-RIAGE WORK.

IOLANI COLLEGE. A BOARDING & DAY SCHOOL FOR BOYS

of Honolulu. SSIDUOUS ATTENTION PAID TO THE MASTER-MR. A. CLARK, certificated by the Science and Act Department of H. B. M. Council on Education to teach Drawing, Physical Geography, and Physiology. The next Term will Commence on July 26th!

CHINESE TILES! A FEW THOUSAND OF GOOD QUAL-ITY, 16 x 16, will be sold cheap, by BOLLES 4 CO.

LIME, MORE LIME!

Day Scholars, \$1.00 per Week.

CALIFORNIA AND OREGON. THE SAME QUALITY. Call on BOLLES & CO.

Pioneer Mills (CAMPBELL & TERTON, LAHAINA.)

In Kegs at 8 Cents a Pound

FOR SALE AT H. HACKFELD & CO.18. EDEN HOUSE SCHOOL FOR GIRLS ONLY.

WHIS SCHOOL WILL RE-OPEN ON For the term of 10 weeks for girls over fourteen, include French and Drawing.
For girls under fourteen, including French and Drawing,
For the plain English course. Latin taught free of charge if required Music at the usual charges.

WANTED MY CUSTOMERS TO UNDERSTAND THAT WITHIN TWO WEEKS

I shall be prepared to turnish an article of ICB. not is 10 lbs. weight up to 400 lbs. In one block. rses. Apply at the "Nunanu Ice Manufactory," Valley. Honolulu, July 2, 1875. 997-4f

NUUANU ICE MANUFACTORY THE UNDERSIGNED BEGS TO INFORM HE IS PREPARED TO FURNISH ICE!

In Quantities to Suit, Defivered in Town, AT 2 1-2 CENTS PER POUND. or to Contract for Large Quantities for Shipping, or for Balls Ir The ICE CART will deliver supplies every morning between the hours of 6 and 8 c'clock, and between 3 and 6 c'clock every afternoon. In the evening a supply will be kept at the FAMILY MARKET for transient customers.

Orders left at Thrum's News Depot and the Family Market will be attended to.

R. RYCROFT. POSTPONEMENT SALE OF REAL ESTATE OTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Sale of Lands belonging to the Estate of W. H. KAAU-Sale of Lands belonging to the Estate of W. H. KAAU WAI, deceased, advertised to take place at Wailuku or gust next, at the same time and place.

JOHN KOII UNAUNA.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE

995 6t] Administrator of Est. of W. H. Kanbwai, deceased

REAL ESTATE!

N PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER MADE on the 27th lay of May, A. D. 1875, by the Hon. Chas. C. Barris, First Associate Justice of the Sopreme Court, of the Hawalian Islands, liceusing me, JOHN KOII UNAUNA, Administrator of the Estate of Wm. H. Kaauwai, late of Honolulu, deceased, to sell at Public Auction, certain lends belong-ing to said Estate; I the undersigned will sell at Public Auction ON SATURDAY, 7th DAY OF AUGUST,

At Messman's Store, in the town of Wailuku, Maul, all the ceased, in and to the

AT 12 O'CLOCK NOON.

ILI OF LAND KNOWN AS PAPOHAKU situated at Wailuku, Maui, to wit: Four parcels of land-1st, 2 chains and 4 fathoms square; 2d, 1 nere and 1 square chain; 3d, 1; acre; 4th, 14 acres, 8 chains and 100 fathoms square.

And likewise, in and to certain lands situate in Halaula, at Wailnku, Maul, aforesaid, to wit: 15 lots, as follows: 1st lot containing 31 square rods. 1 acre, 15 square rods. 1 rood, 31 square rods. 6 square rods. 3 acres, 3 roods, 27 rods. 3 roods, 32 rods

15th lot " 3 acres, 1 rood, 19 rols.

And also a portion of land situate at Paiki, Maul, the 1st le outaining 6 20-100 acres, and the 24 lot, 16 1 25 acres.

Also all the Right, Title and Interest of the deceased in and DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP all the pieces and parcels of land described in Royal Pater 2629, being the lots of land conveyed to the deceased and Geo. K. Kaauwai, his brother, by the heirs of Nateipulcho, by a certain deed of record in Liber 41, pages 453 and 454. The first lot of which contains 1 18-100 acres, situate in Halaula, in Wailuku, aforesaid; the second lot, 2 34 100 acres, in Punko, Wailuku, aforesaid; and the third, 23-100 of an acre, situate at he same place; and the fourth, 1-10 of an acre.

And likewise, all the Right, Title and Interest acquired by the deceased from A. Pepe and Kaumi, his wife, in and to the land described in Land Commission Award No. 515, containing 35-100 of an acre, in the town of Wailaku, aforesaid.

And also, nil the Land Situate at Manines, Kuin. Maui, described in Land Commission Award No.

2383, and containing 6 8-100 acres in favor of Z. Kazuwai.

And likewise a Tract of Lund Situated at Waisakon, Kuin, Maui, described in Land Commission Award 2383 containing 1 acres. The faither description of the lands may be seen on applica-tion at the Clerk's Office of the Supreme Court UNTIL SAT-URDAY, the 12th of June, 1875, and afterwards at MR. MOSSMAN'S STORE, at Walluku, and at the GOVERNOR'S

Sale subject to the approval of the Court, at the Court House, Honolulu.

JOHN KOII UNAUNA,
Administrator of the Estate of Wm. H. Kazuwai, decrased BEST QUALITY. CHINESE MATTING.

again retorted, "I mean I wish I had your lungs." EXTRA QUALITY. To which Mr. Moody again replied, "I wish I had F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.'S.

WANTED!

The LADIES of the HAWAIIAN ISLANDS

TO KNOW

JUST RECEIVED

PER "LEGAL TENDER,"

An Elegant Line of

LADIES' & CHILDRENS' SHOE WARE

OF ALL KINDS.

Which for superiority of workmanship

cannot be excelled.

The Children's Ware

ARE SOMETHING ELEGANT. THESE GOODS WILL BE SOLD AT

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

LADIES' WHITE KID SLIPPERS. 25 BOXES DRIED APPLE

ALSO-JUST TO HAND

Ladies you are respectfully invited to ex amine these goods and judge for yourselves.

Every pair plainly marked.

M. MEINERNY. Honoiglu, July 1, 1975. 997-19

MR. JULIUS HOTING IS AUTHORIZED F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP. NOTICE. THE FIRM OF SNELL & KING has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. At

Honolulu, June 26th, 1815. THE UNDERNIGNED BEGS TO NOTIFY his friends and the public that he will continue the Carpentering Distincts at the old stand, Fort Street, in his own

NOTICE TO CREDITORS MR. JAMES A. DOWER, OF HONOLU-LU. having executed to me a deed of assignment of all his property for the benefit of his creditors. I hereby notify his creditors to present their claims duly verified to me within

Honolulu, 19th Jame, 1878. NOTICE. THE CAPTAIN OF THE BARQUE MATTIE MACLE-Y will not be responsible for

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE, ON THE First Day of April, 1875, entered into a Cu-partnershi or the name and style of J. H. BRUNS & CO., for the pu Coopering and Gauging Business all its branches, and solicis a share of the public patronage

Ronolulu, June 12, 1876. ASSIGNEES' NOTICE.

Assignmen

WHEREAS, DAVID SMITH, OF HO-nobulu, Ice manufacturer, has this day made an assignment to the undersigned of all his property, real and personal, for the benefit of his creditors, notice is hereby given to all partice owing the said David Smith to make payment to and all having claims against him, to present the same with vouchers to the undersigned during the next six months from this date, or they will be forever barred.

B. F. DILLINGHAM,
H. J. AGNEW.

TO LET. THE PREMISES LATELY OCCUPIED by Rev. E. G. BECKWITH, at Makawao, Maul, comprising One and One-Half Story House with the necessary out-buildings and cisterns, with or without one sere of For particulars, apply to F. SCHOLZ, Wallaku, Mani-

TO LET OR LEASE! THOSE DESIRABLE PREMISES ON Alakea Street, formerly occupied by A. P. BRICK-WOOD, Esq. For Particulars apply to J. S. LEMON.

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREHY NOTI-fied that JOSEPH DUCHALSKY has no authority to sell any Leather or material made at the KALAUAO TAN NERY, nor to incur any expenditure on account of the same except through the undersigned. J. I. DOWSETT. Honolulu, March 17, 1873.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BEEN confirmed by the Court as Executor of the Estate of ANTONE W. MANUEL, deceased, requests all persons indebted to said Estate to make immediate payment, and all who have claims against the said Estate to present the same with vouchers to the Undersigned, during the term of six months from date, or they will be forever barred. And all persons having any property in their possession, of whatever description, belonging to the Estate of ANTONE W. MANUEL, are hereby notified to deliver the same to the Undersigned forthwith, or otherwise to render an account thereof.

J. H. BLACK, Executor.

will pay all liabilities of the late partnership, and all persons ndebted are requested to make immediate payment to him nly.

J. H. BLACK,
June 1st, 1875.

JAMES AULD

THE UNDERSIGNED, PROPRIETOR and Publisher of the Pacific Commencial Appearance will continue the business of Printing and Publishing in all

JEWELRY!

CREAT BARGAINS

SOLID METAL WORK.

IN ORDER TO CLOSE OUT THE BUSI-

ECKART WILL SELL AT COST! FOR THE NEXT THREE MONTHS.

THE FINE STOCK OF SOLID GOLD AND SILVER JEWELRY

TABLE WARE!

ALSO--WATCHES, Gold and Silver CANES, BHELL WORK

AND OTHER PARCY ARTICLES. Call Soon and Secure Great Bargains FOR CASH

AT THE FORT STREET STORE.

SOMETHING

WORTH HAVING !! A THING OF BEAUTY, IT IS SAID, IS beauty, as we maintain it is, the SEWING MACRINE with one of the

ATTACHMENTS! is one of the most beautiful things in the world; nothing in the whole range of modern invention being better adapted to relieve human drudgery or fitter for the purposes littended.

The Undersigned are Special Agents for

BEST SEWING MACHINE IN USE!

50 POINTS OF SUPERIORITY ! For Particulars see Circulars

WE ARE PREPARED TO SURNISH THE PATENT ATTACHMENT

ly without the least exertion on the part of the operator. Wheels are made here at the BR 188 FOUNDRY, on superior to those imported, and sold for less money. BUY ONE AND YOU WILL BE CONVINCAD ! It is a well book fact that the ill health of thousands of

DILLINGBAM & CO. DRIED APPLES! ENGLISH "PORTLAND CEMEN" RECEIVED FROM THE BARK KA

For Sale by BOLLES BEST ENGLISH PORTLAND CE RECEIVED DIRECT FROM E by the last arrivals, and warrented fresh and For Sale at the Lowest Rates, by